## § 1039.705

- (6) Seller means the entity that provides emission credits during a trade.
- (7) Standard means the emission standard that applies under subpart B of this part for engines not participating in the ABT program of this subpart.
- (8) Trade means to exchange emission credits, either as a buyer or seller.
- (d) You may not use emission credits generated under this subpart to offset any emissions that exceed an FEL or standard. This applies for all testing, including certification testing, in-use testing, selective enforcement audits, and other production-line testing. However, if emissions from an engine exceed an FEL or standard (for example, during a selective enforcement audit), you may use emission credits to recertify the engine family with a higher FEL that applies only to future production.
- (e) Engine families that use emission credits for one or more pollutants may not generate positive emission credits for another pollutant.
- (f) Emission credits may be used in the model year they are generated or in future model years. Emission credits may not be used for past model years.
- (g) You may increase or decrease an FEL during the model year by amending your application for certification under \$1039.225. The new FEL may apply only to engines you have not already introduced into commerce. Each engine's emission control information label must include the applicable FELs.

## § 1039.705 How do I generate and calculate emission credits?

The provisions of this section apply separately for calculating emission credits for  $NO_X$ ,  $NO_X+NMHC$ , or PM.

- (a) [Reserved]
- (b) For each participating family, calculate positive or negative emission credits relative to the otherwise applicable emission standard. Calculate positive emission credits for a family that has an FEL below the standard. Calculate negative emission credits for a family that has an FEL above the standard. Sum your positive and negative credits for the model year before rounding. Round the sum of emission credits to the nearest kilogram (kg),

using consistent units throughout the following equation:

Emission credits (kg) =  $(Std - FEL) \times (Volume) \times (AvgPR) \times (UL) \times (10^{-3})$ 

## Where

Std = the emission standard, in grams per kilowatt-hour, that applies under subpart B of this part for engines not participating in the ABT program of this subpart (the "otherwise applicable standard").

FEL = the family emission limit for the engine family, in grams per kilowatt-hour. Volume = the number of engines eligible to

Volume = the number of engines eligible to participate in the averaging, banking, and trading program within the given engine family during the model year, as described in paragraph (c) of this section.

AvgPR = the average maximum engine power of all the engine configurations within an engine family, calculated on a sales-weighted basis, in kilowatts.

- UL = the useful life for the given engine family, in hours.
- (c) In your application for certification, base your showing of compliance on projected production volumes for engines whose point of first retail sale is in the United States. As described in §1039.730, compliance with the requirements of this subpart is determined at the end of the model year based on actual production volumes for engines whose point of first retail sale is in the United States. Do not include any of the following engines to calculate emission credits:
- (1) Engines exempted under subpart G of this part or under 40 CFR part 1068.
  - (2) Exported engines.
- (3) Engines not subject to the requirements of this part, such as those excluded under §1039.5.
- (4) Engines in families that include only stationary engines, except for engines in families certified to standards that are identical to standards applicable under this part 1039 to nonroad engines of the same type for the same model year.
- (5) Any other engines, where we indicate elsewhere in this part 1039 that they are not to be included in the calculations of this subpart.

[69 FR 39213, June 29, 2004, as amended at 71 FR 39185, July 11, 2006; 72 FR 53133, Sept. 18, 2007; 75 FR 22992, Apr. 30, 2010]